



European Space Agency

→ 25 YEARS OF PROGRESS IN RADAR ALTIMETRY SYMPOSIUM

INNOVATING SOLUTIONS

opernicus

IDS WORKSHOP

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Copernicus POD Service – Sentinel-3 orbit determination based on DORIS observations

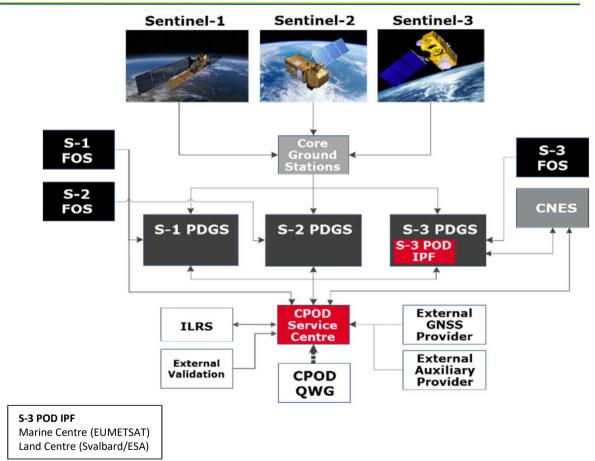
Sam

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Overview of Copernicus POD Service

• Payload Data Ground Segment (PDGS):

- Processing the scientific data
- Provider of GPS and attitude data to the CPOD Service
- User of the orbits and platform files from the CPOD Service
- Sentinels Flight Operations Segment (FOS):
 - Orbits, manoeuvre and satellite mass evolution
 - ESOC for S1 and S2; EUMETSAT for S3
- Centre National d'Études Spatiales (CNES):
 - S-3 orbital and attitude products, DORIS data
- ILRS SLR data provider:
 - International Laser Ranging Service –ILRS- centres
- External Validation:
 - AIUB, CNES, DLR, ESOC, TU Delft, TUM, EUM, CLS, (JPL)
 - provision of independent orbital products
- External GNSS data Provider (EGP):
 - VERIPOS; provider of high accurate GPS orbits and clocks products
 - magicGNSS: in-house back-up GPS provider
- External Auxiliary providers:
 - Atmospheric gravity models, EOPS and leap seconds, etc.
- CPOD Quality Working Group (CPOD QWG):
 - Monitoring the quality of CPOD products
 - Definition of enhancements (algorithms, standards, etc.)





Sentinel-3 orbit determination

REQUIREMENTS OF POD PRODUCTS								
Category	Latency	Orbit Accuracy	SOLUTIONS					
RT	RT	N/A	DORIS on-board Navigation solution GPS on-board Navigation solution					
NRT	30 min	10 cm radial RMS 1-sigma (target of 8 cm)	CPOD (@ Marine and Land PDGS)					
STC	1.5 days	4 cm radial RMS 1-sigma (target of 3 cm)	CPOD (@ GMV) CNES					
NTC	25 days	3 cm radial RMS 1-sigma (target of 2 cm)	CPOD (@ GMV) CNES					

- The official Sentinel-3 orbit products from the CPOD Service are all based on GPS observations only, SLR measurements are used for validation (NTC), no DORIS observations are used until now.
- Regular Service Reviews are done to compare the NTC orbit solutions against solutions from the POD QWG (AIUB, CNES, CLS/GRGS, DLR, ESOC, EUMETSAT, TUD, TUM).
- Except the solution from CLS/GRGS (DORIS-only) and CNES (GPS+DORIS combined) all other orbit solutions are GPS-only.



Sentinel-3A orbit determination

Sentinel-3A orbit comparisons per component (average of daily RMS; cm); COMB vs external solutions ■ AIUB ■ AING ■ CNES ■ CPOD ■ DIRR ■ ESOC ■ EUMM ■ TUDG ■ TUMM ■ GRGG 5.0 4.5 4.0 3.5 3.0 E 2.5 2.0 1.5 1.0 0.5 0.0 Radial RMS Along RMS Cross RMS 3D RMS

	Radial	Along-track	Cross-track	3D
AIUB	0.85	0.77	0.57	1.29
AING	0.43	0.78	0.65	1.10
CNES	0.59	1.26	0.67	1.56
CPOD	0.60	1.14	0.81	1.53
DLR	0.51	0.74	0.72	1.16
ESOC	0.44	0.64	0.47	0.91
EUM	0.72	1.80	1.52	2.48
TUDG	0.70	0.61	0.64	1.14
TUM	0.50	0.82	0.71	1.20
GRG	0.72	2.00	1.75	2.79

Comparison results from the last RSR#11 (Feb – May 2018)

SLR validation from the last RSR#11 (Feb – May 2018)

	AING	AIUB	CNES	DLR	ESOC	EUM	GRGG	TUDG	TUM	CPOD	СОМВ
Mean (cm)	0.43	-0.16	0.48	0.52	0.50	0.18	0.43	-0.08	0.38	0.50	0.32
Std Dev (cm)	1.04	1.13	1.32	0.82	0.97	1.79	1.62	0.87	0.94	1.34	0.90
RMS (cm)	1.13	1.14	1.40	0.97	1.09	1.80	1.68	0.88	1.01	1.43	0.96



DORIS processing @ CPOD Service

- A processing scheme for DORIS-based orbit determination is set up in parallel to the operational GPS-only S-3A/B orbit determination process.
- Until now, no regular/automatic quality control is set up.
- 10 sec DORIS phase observables are converted to range-rate observations, GPS-derived orbit is used as a-priori information.

The key data of the DORIS processing are:

- Three-day arc length (72 hours)
- Estimation of
 - 1 radiation pressure coefficient
 - 10/24h atmospheric drag scale factors
 - 2/24h sets of CPR along-track and cross-track sine+cosine parameters
- Elevation cut-off angle of 10° for DORIS observations, no elevation-dependent weighting
- Tropospheric zenith delays per station pass
- Range-rate bias per station pass

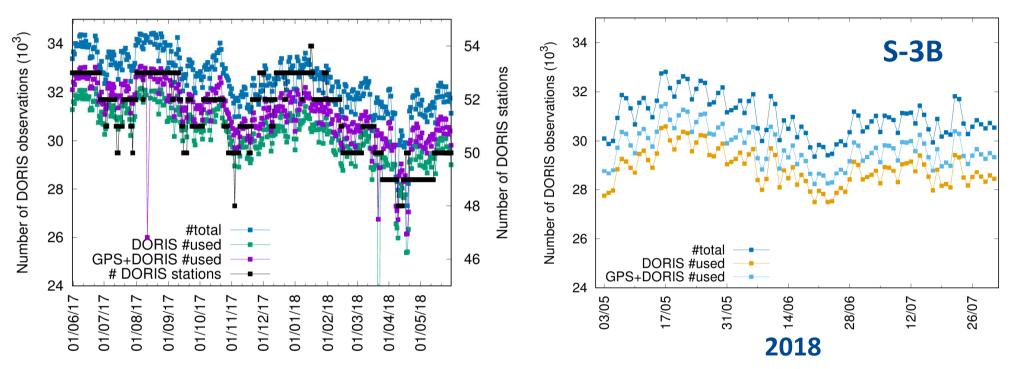


Orbit solutions based on DORIS

- **DORIS-only** solution, SLR is used for validation
- **GPS** (30 sec)+**DORIS** combined solution, SLR is used for validation
- Sentinel-3A:
 - 1 June 2017 31 May 2018 (RSR#09 #11)
 - Comparison to CLS/GRGS, CNES and combined (from QWG) orbits
 - SLR validation
- Sentinel-3B:
 - 1 May 31 July 2018
 - Comparison to CPOD NTC GPS-only solution
 - Comparison to combined (from QWG) orbit, 8 -14 June 2018
 - SLR validation



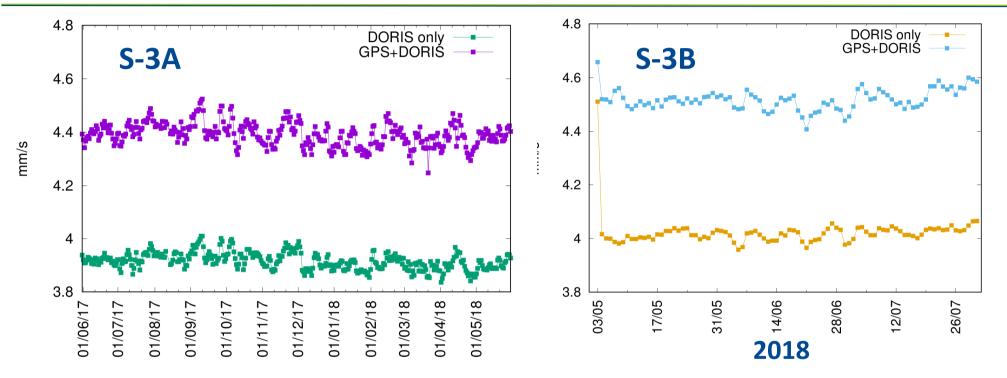
DORIS processing: number of observations



- Number of totally available and used DORIS observations for both orbit processing schemes for Sentinel-3A and -3B.
- Number of observations is (not surprisingly) correlated to number of tracking stations.



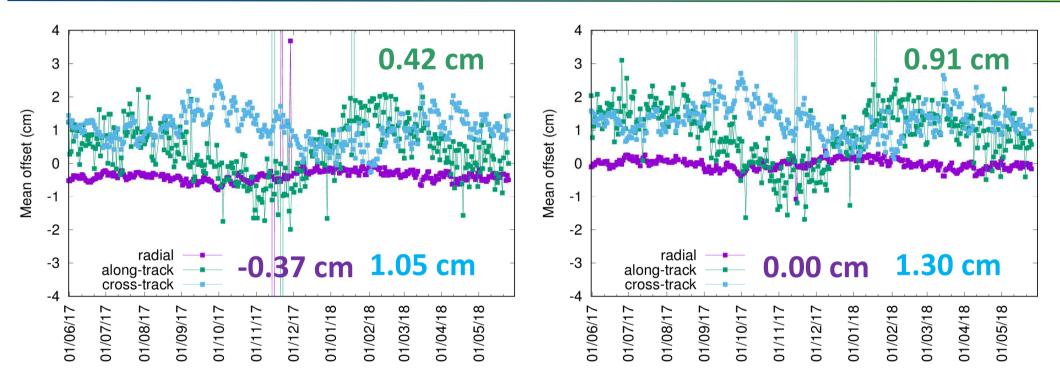
DORIS processing: Range-rate RMS



- Range-rate RMS (mm/s) for Sentinel-3A and -3B shows similar performance.
- The values for S-3B are a bit larger than the values for S-3A.



S-3A DORIS orbits: Comparisons

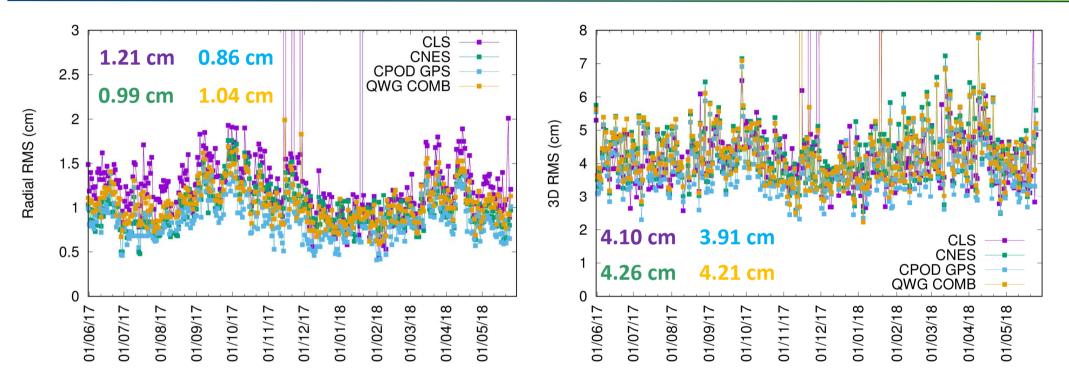


Daily mean offsets (m) between S-3A DORIS orbits and CLS/GRGS orbits (left) and QWG combined orbits (right)

 Small radial offset between CLS/GRGS and CPOD DORIS orbits, variable along-track offsets, significant cross-track offsets



S-3A DORIS orbits: Comparisons

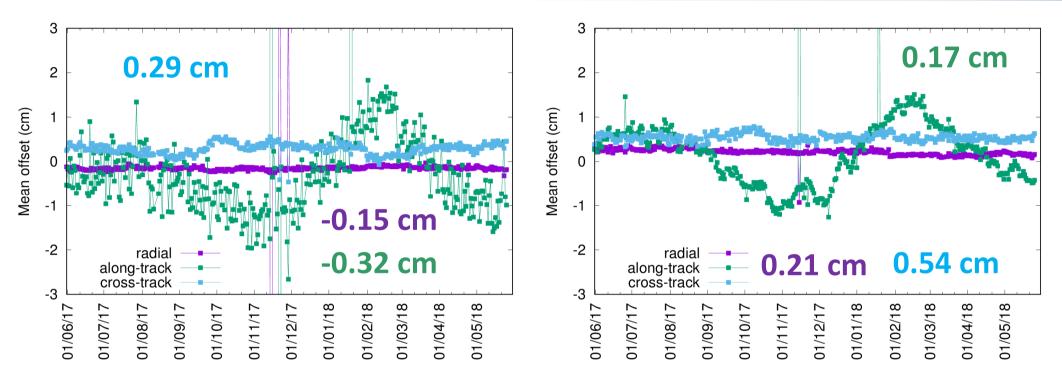


Daily radial and 3D RMS (cm) of S-3A DORIS orbits w.r.t different orbit solutions

• All comparisons are similar



S-3A DORIS+GPS orbits: Comparisons

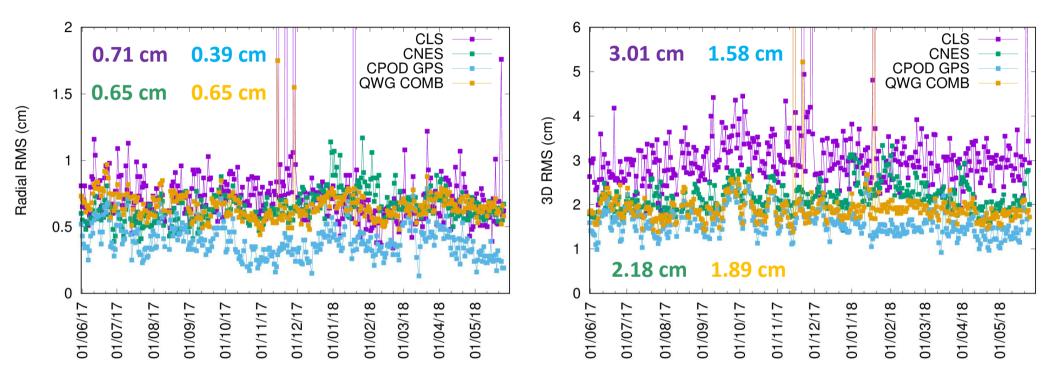


Daily mean offsets (m) between S-3A DORIS+GPS orbits and CLS/GRGS orbits (left) and QWG combined orbits (right)

- Small offsets in all directions
- Radial and cross-track offsets constant over time, along-track offsets variable



S-3A GPS+DORIS orbits: Comparisons

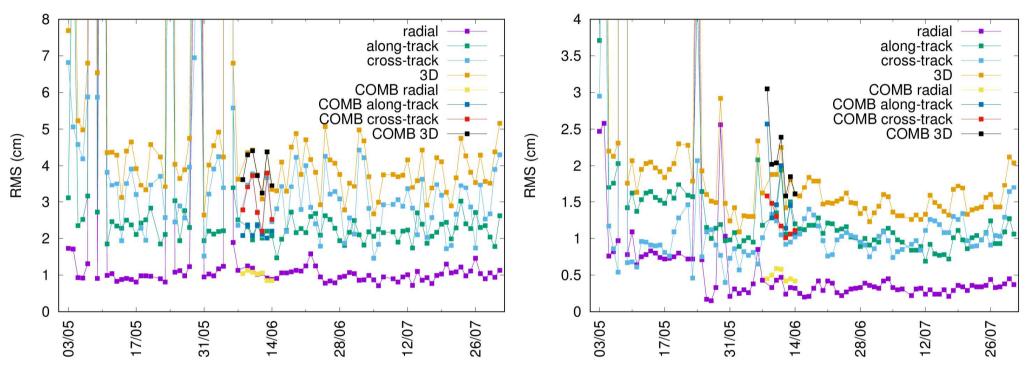


Daily radial and 3D RMS (cm) of S-3A GPS+DORIS orbits w.r.t different orbit solutions

- RMS values much smaller than for CPOD DORIS orbits
- Comparison to DORIS-only orbits (CLS/GRGS) is worst
- Comparison to CPOD GPS-only orbits is best (not surprising)



S-3B DORIS and GPS+DORIS orbits: Comparisons

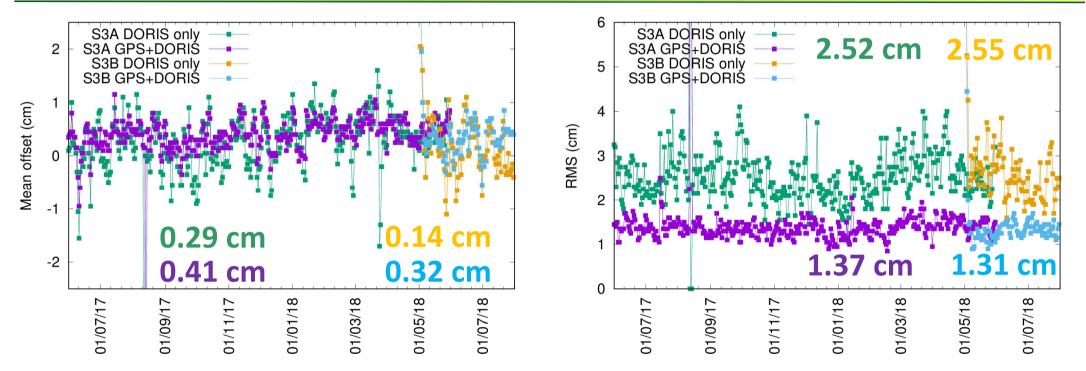


Daily RMS values (cm) of S-3B DORIS (left) and S-3B GPS+DORIS (right) orbits w.r.t CPOD GPS orbits, one week of QWG combined orbits are available as well

- Larger differences in May due to many manoeuvres
- Differences are stable since tandem phase has been reached (6 June)



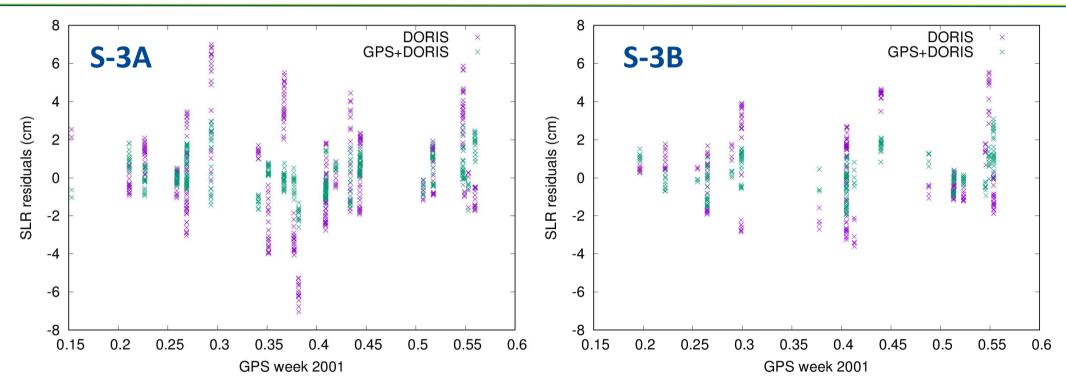
Daily mean offsets (cm) and RMS (cm) of SLR validation



- Nine SLR stations used, station elevation cut-off angle at 10°
- Sentinel-3A and -3B orbits show similar performance.
- Mean offsets of DORIS-only orbits are smaller but with larger noise.
- RMS values of DORIS-only orbits are significantly larger than for the combined GPS+DORIS orbits



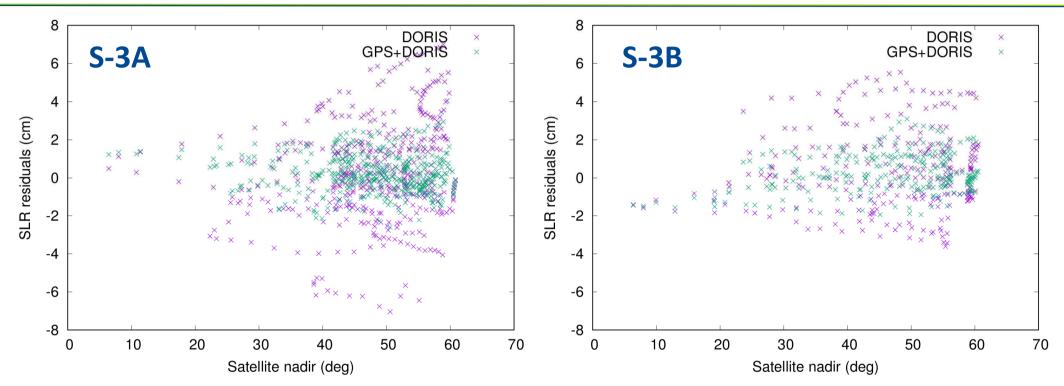
SLR residuals for 15 May 2018



• Differences between SLR residuals of DORIS orbits (purple) and of GPS+DORIS orbits (green) can clearly be seen.



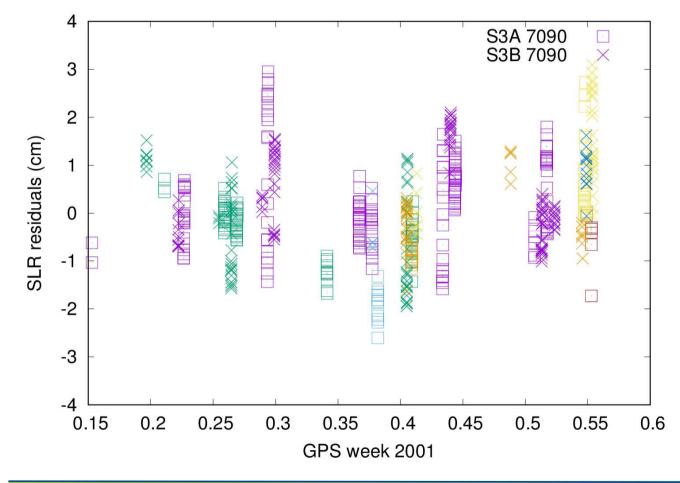
SLR residuals for 15 May 2018



• Differences between SLR residuals of DORIS orbits (purple) and of GPS+DORIS orbits (green) can clearly be seen.



SLR residuals for 15 May 2018 – GPS+DORIS orbits



- Different colors for different SLR stations
- Different markers for the two satellites
 - S3A: square
 - S3B: X
- Several stations track both
 satellites during the same passes
 (satellites were not yet in final tandem phase)



Improvements for S-3A - antenna offset calibration

- Independent investigations of different groups (DLR, CNES) revealed a
 - +1 cm shift in y-direction ("cross-track") of all antenna positions (GPS, DORIS, SLR)
 => CNES GDR-F for Sentinel-3 satellites

or

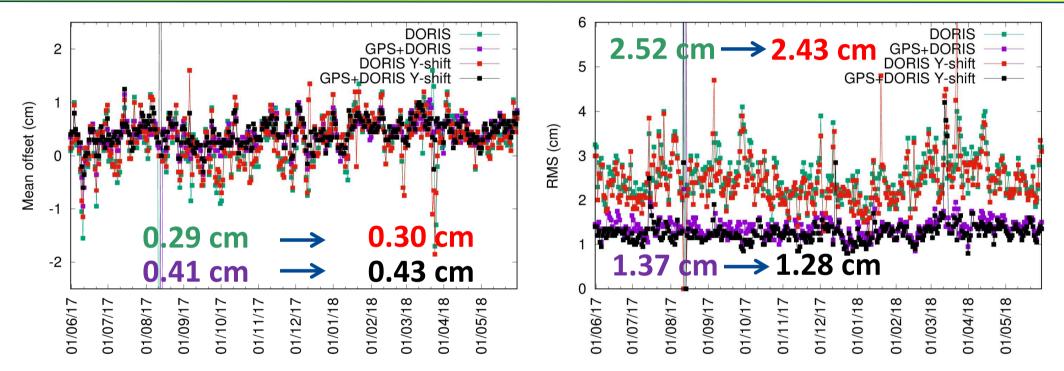
-1 cm shift in y-direction of the CoG coordinates

=> Montenbruck et al. (2018) Precise orbit determination of the Sentinel-3A altimetry satellite using ambiguity-fixed GPS carrier phase observations, Journal of Geodesy, 92: 711, DOI 10.1007/s00190-017-1090-2

⇒ Investigation of these new setups by doing a reprocessing of the DORIS and GPS+DORIS solutions based on this new configuration



Daily mean offsets (cm) and RMS (cm) of SLR validation



- Nine SLR stations used, station elevation cut-off angle at 10°
- Mean offsets are equivalent (within sub-mm)
- RMS values decrease by 0.9 mm for both orbit solutions



Summary and future plans

- Quality and performance assessment for S-3A & S-3B DORIS orbits from the CPOD Service are shown.
- The performance of the S-3A & S-3B CPOD DORIS orbits is good and promising.
- The **DORIS orbits** are, however, not yet on the same level as other DORIS or GPS(+DORIS) orbits. In particular the SLR validation reveals larger (~doubled) RMS values than for other S-3A/S-3B orbit products.
- The **combined DORIS+GPS** orbits show a very good performance, probably mainly due to the strength of the GPS observations.
- Proposed new antenna offsets/CoG coordinates give slightly better results
- \Rightarrow Further investigations to improve the DORIS orbits are still needed
- find the best elevation cut-off angle and the best elevation-dependent weighting scheme
- check again the conversion of the DORIS phase observables to range-rate
- find the optimal a priori sigma for the DORIS observations
- find the optimal relative weighting scheme between the different observation techniques for a combined orbit solution



Thank you for your attention!

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