







Early results on the validation of the horizontal velocities from the cumulative solution based IDS 09

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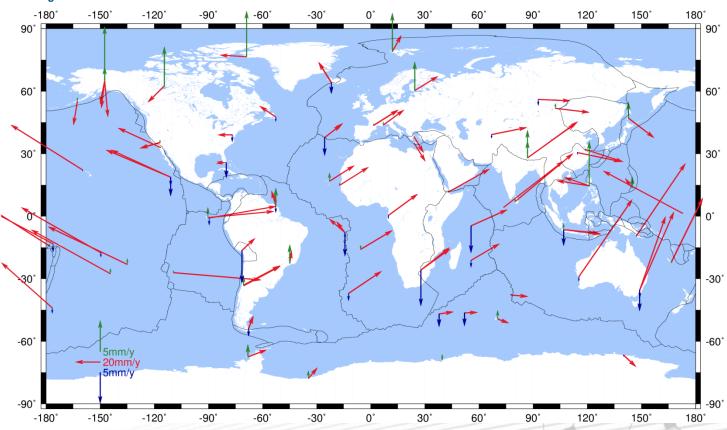


Context and Objectives

- Construction of a cumulative position and velocity solution is part of the internal validation process of the IDS contribution to ITRF2014.
- In addition and in response to P. Willis during last AWG in Toulouse, the IDS agreed to take over from Pascal the DPOD activities.
- → IDS CC has and will have to compute cumulative solutions
- → As it is a new task for the IDS CC, the very first solution must be validated by comparison to external models.



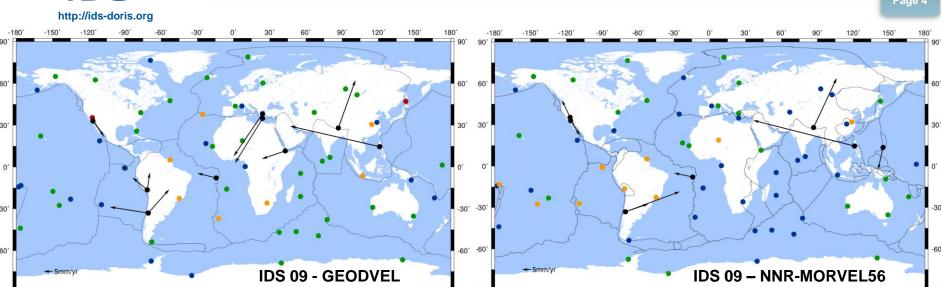
Horizontal Velocities from IDS-TRF2014



- □ IDS 09 (resp. IDS 03) includes 57 (resp. 53) discontinuities in position
 - √ Concern 30 (resp. 28) over 71 DORIS sites.
 - √ 25 (resp. 14) with seismic origin.
 - √ 8 (resp. 06) with beacon or antenna origin (ex: USO change).
 - √ 24 (resp. 33) with unknown origin.



Comparison of Horizontal Velocities IDS 09 vs GEODVEL & NNR-MORVEL56



Green: 0.0-2.5mm/yr – Blue: 2.5-5.0mm/yr – Orange: 5.0-7.5mm/yr – Red: 7.5-10mm/yr – Black > 10mm/yr

GEODVEL (GEODesy VELocity – Argus et al. 2010)

- ☐ 11 plates.
- ☐ Data: DORIS, GNSS, SLR, VLBI.
- ☐ Data Time Span: 1976 -2007.
- □ DORIS contribution from IGN AC.
- ☐ RMS of differences:

North: 6.2 mm/yr East: 10.3 mm/yr

NNR-MORVEL56 (Argus et al. 2011)

☐ 56 plates.

Extension of the MORVEL model (25 plates).

- ☐ Geologic data.
- ☐ Data Time Span: -3 200 0000 / -780 000 yr.
- □ RMS of differences:

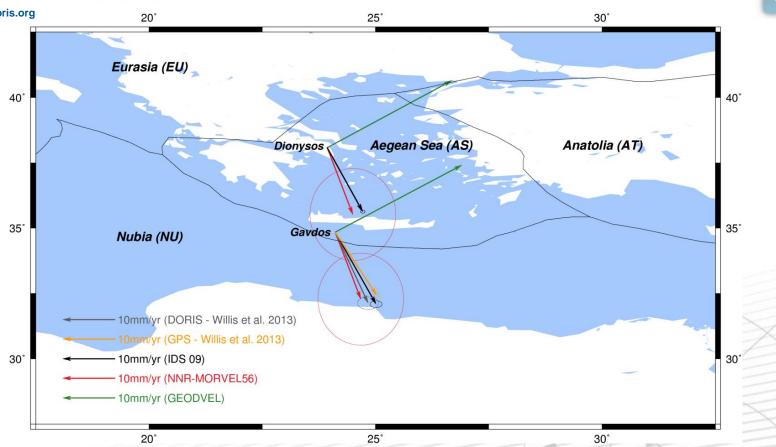
North: 5.4 mm/yr

East: 11/.1 mm/yr

Highest differences occur in plate boundaries or in seismic active zones. Nevertheless...



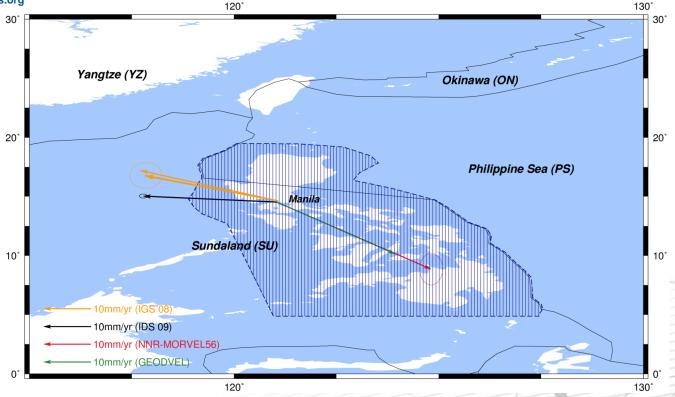
Horizontal Velocities – Dionysos and Gavdos



- ☐ DORIS estimations are coherent with NNR-MORVEL56 and Willis et al. (2013) ones.
- □ DORIS also shows a SW motion of the Aegean Sea relatively to Eurasia at a spped of 30mm/yr.
- ☐ GEODVEL default is due to no Aegean Sea plate in the model so for that model the motions of Dionsysos and Gavdos are modelized by the Eurasia parameters.



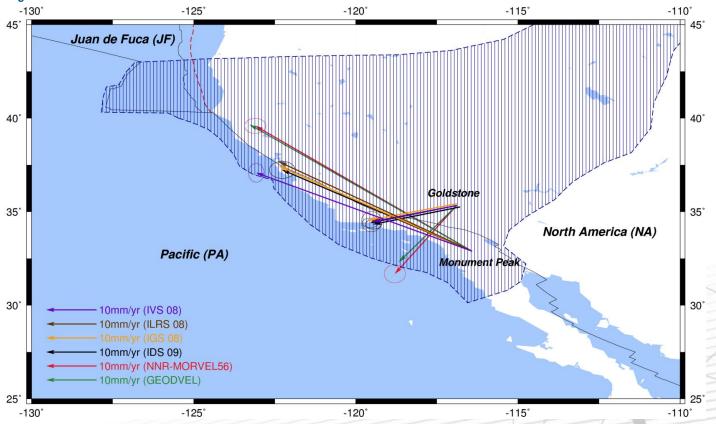
Horizontal Velocities - Manila



- □ DORIS velocity differ very much (in direction mainly) from both GEODVEL and NNR-MORVEL56 estimations.
- ☐ DORIS estimate is similar to the GPS PIMO site (10km NE from MANA-MANB) as extracted from IGS 08.
- ☐ Bird (2003) → Manila belongs to the Philippines orogen zone.
 - → Orogen must explain MORVEL and NNR-MORVEL56 defaults.
- ☐ DORIS velocity is also compatible with GPS LAOA estimations from Rangin et al. (1999)
- → counter-clock rotation of Luzon block / Sundaland.



Horizontal Velocities – Goldstone & Monument Peak



- ☐ Goldstone and Monument Peak are located to the east and to the west of the Pacic-N. America plate boundary (the San Andreas Fault).
- □ DORIS velocities are similar to GNSS, Laser and VLBI estimations as extracted from ITRF2008.
- □ DORIS estimations differ from the plate models in direction for Goldstone and amplitude for Monument Peak.
- ☐ Next: comparison to dense GPS network estimations.



Preliminary Conclusions

- IDS 09 horizontal velocities show good agreement (differences smaller than 5mm/yr) with the two models for most of the beacons.
- Larger differences occur at plate boundaries or in active seismic areas.
- Some differences can be explained and external comparison show that IDS 09 estimations are realistic.



What's next?

- Rotation parameters of some plates will be estimated when possible.
- IDS 09 vertical velocities will be compared to GIA models and to GNSS ULR6 (La Rochelle University) estimations at coastal sites. Sites like Thule will be of special concern.
- That study is planned to be published as a paper with Frank, Laurent, Pascal, Donald Argus, Alvaro Santamaría-Gómez and Médéric Gravelle as co-authors.
- The results will also be presented during next AGU as poster #64285 on December 15th in section G23B.
- IDS 09 velcoities will be compared to ITRF2014 solutions from DGFI, IGN and JPL.
- IDS 09 cumulative solution will serve as reference for the future DPOD solutions.