

Review of IDS contribution to ITRF2014

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Key Points

- **ITRF2014 input data and some statistics**
- **IDS Contribution to ITRF2014**
 - **DORIS Network and co-locations**
 - **Origin & geocenter motion**
 - **Scale**
 - **Tie & velocity discrepancies**

ITRF2014: Input data

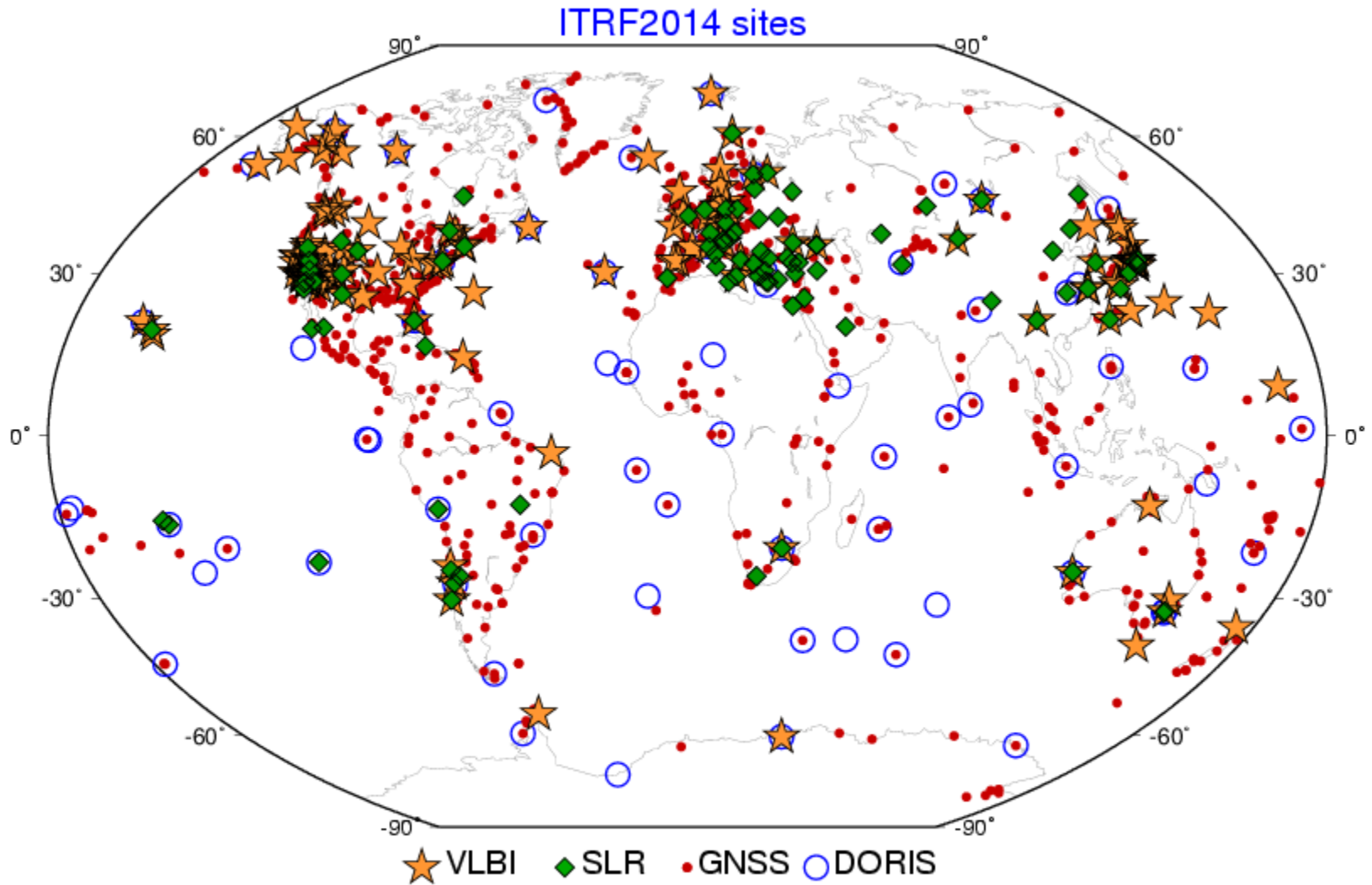
Service/Technique	Number of Solutions	Time span
IGS/GNSS/GPS	7714 daily	1994.0 – 2015.1
IVS/VLBI	5328 daily	1980.0 – 2015.0
ILRS/SLR	244 fortnightly	1980.0 – 1993.0
	1147 weekly	1993.0 – 2015.0
IDS/DORIS	1140 weekly	1993.0 – 2015.0

Same time-span

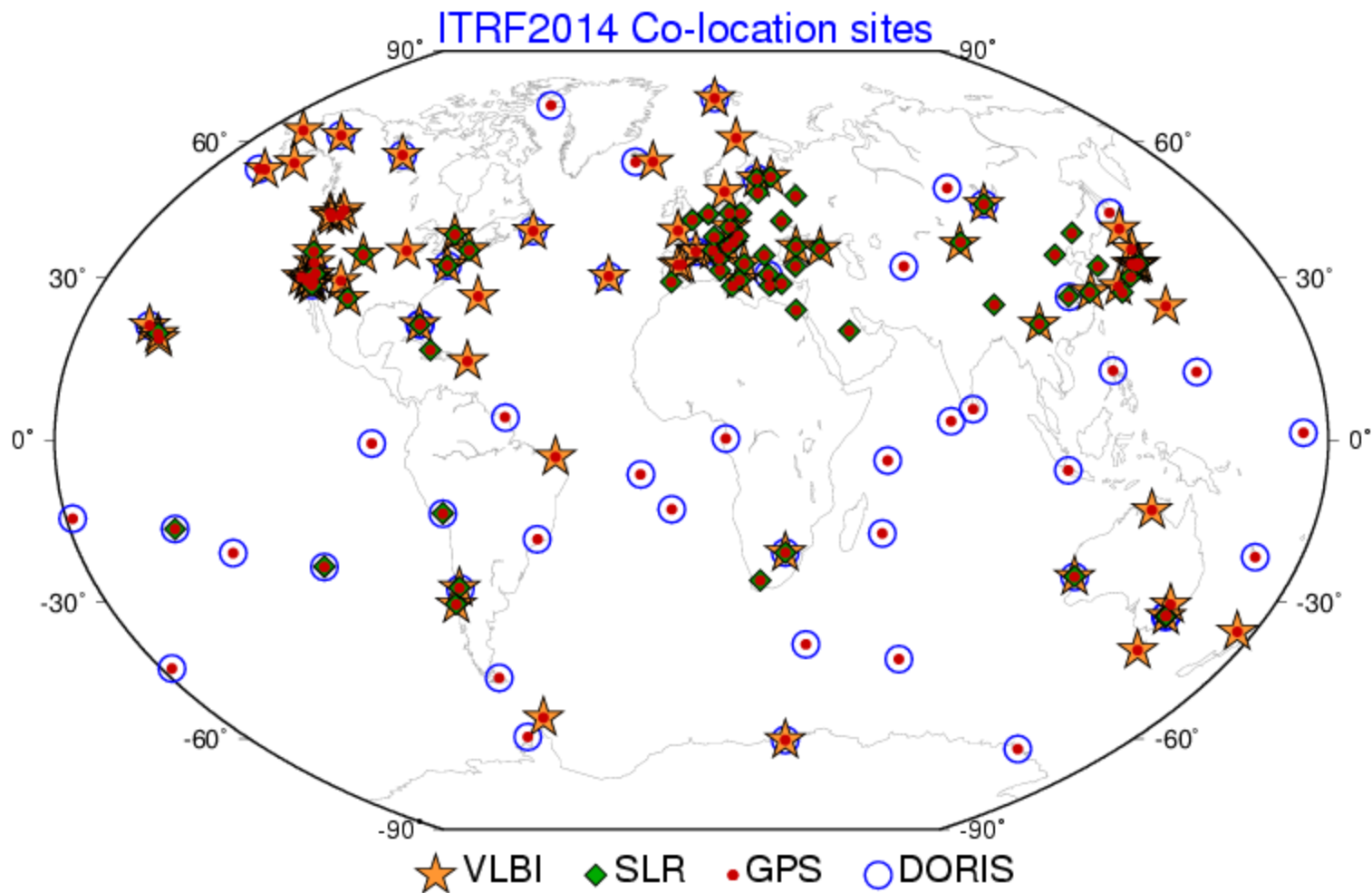
ITRF2014: Some statistics

- **1499 stations located in 975 sites**
- **91 co-location sites with 2 or more instruments which were or are currently operating**
- **Colocations with GNSS:**
 - **33 SLR**
 - **40 VLBI**
 - **46 DORIS**
- **59 pairs of DORIS-DORIS ties**

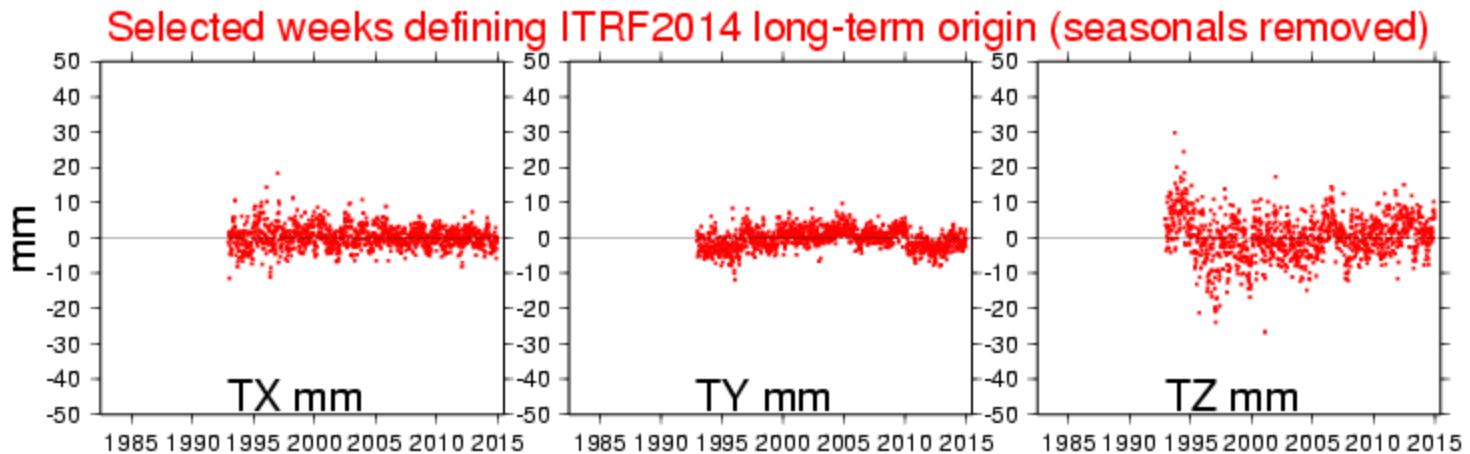
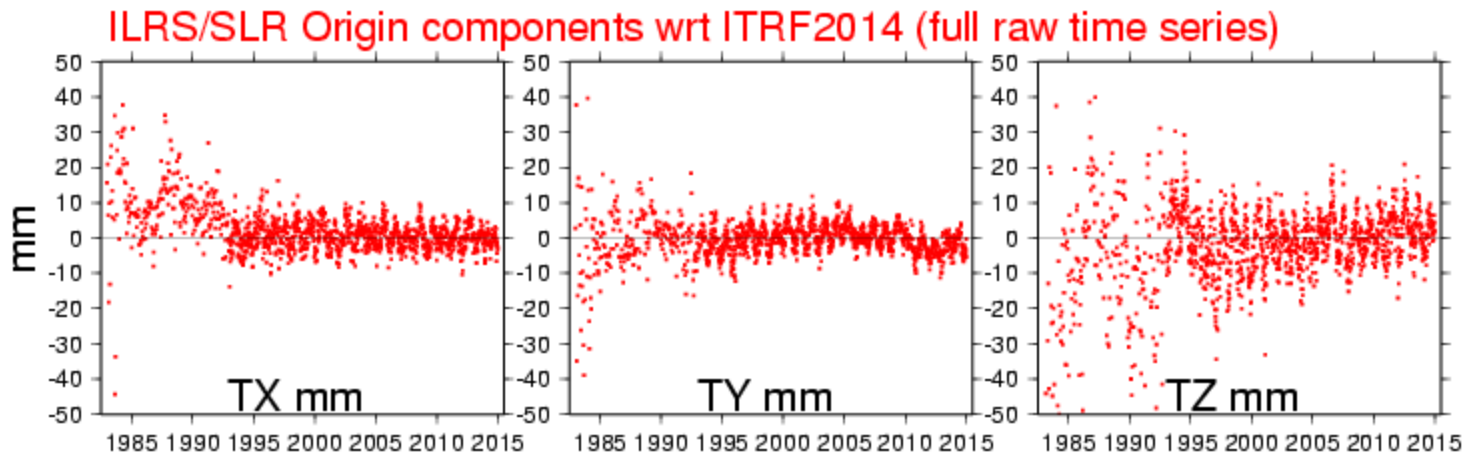
ITRF2014 Network



ITRF2014 Co-locations

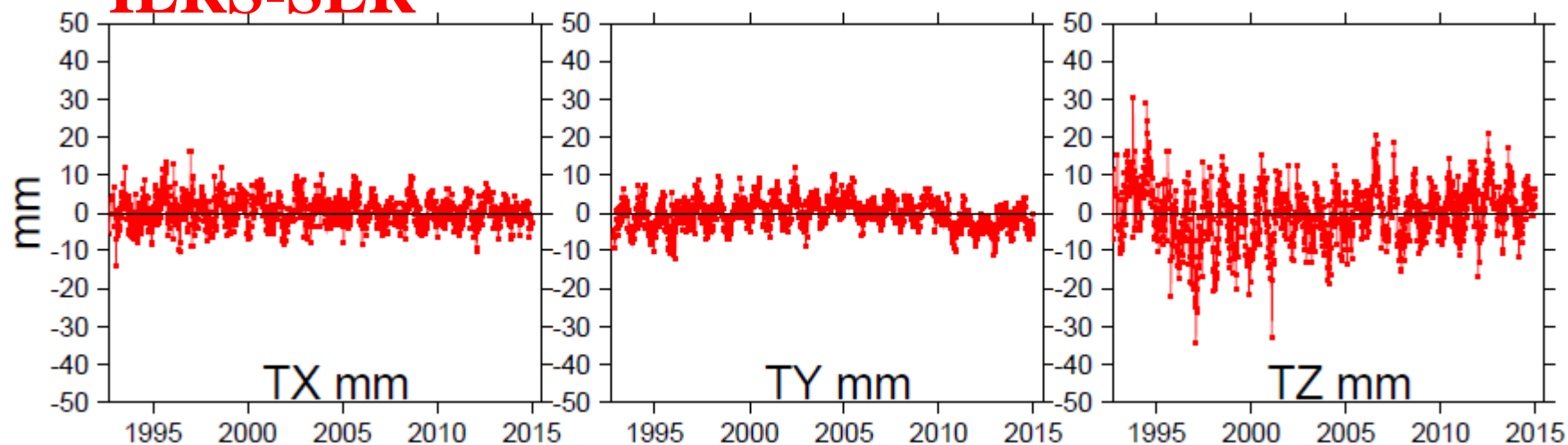


ILRS/SLR origin components wrt ITRF2014

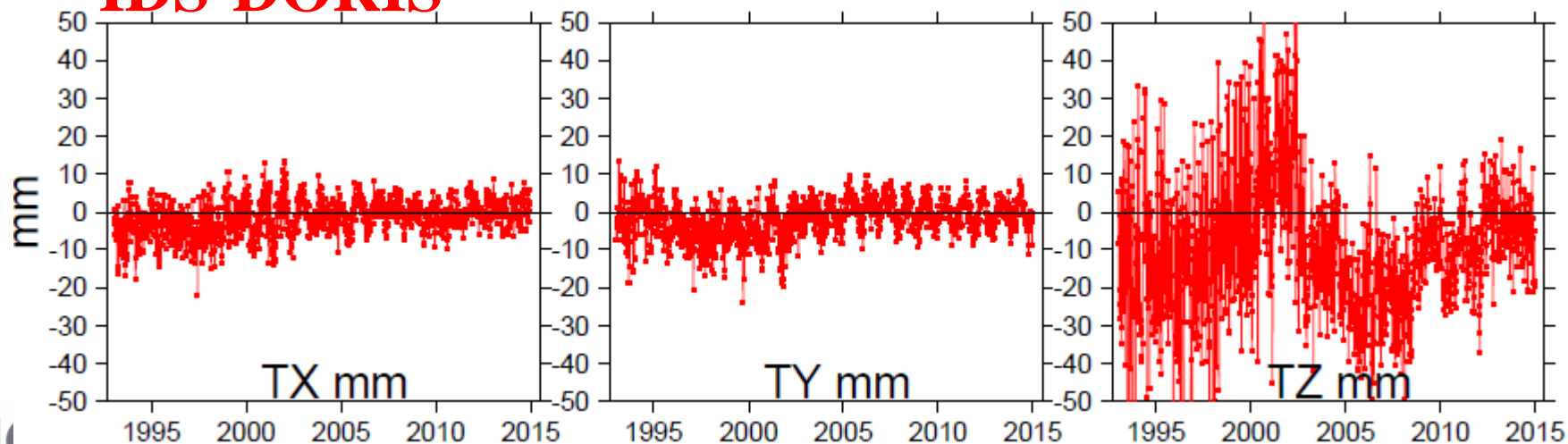


ILRS-SLR & IDS-DORIS origin components wrt ITRF2014

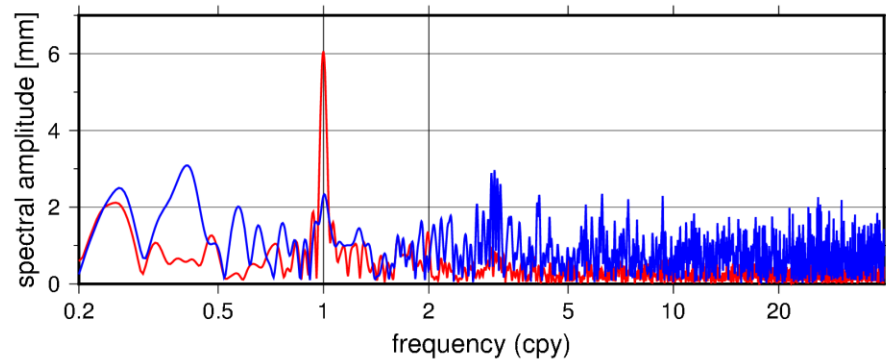
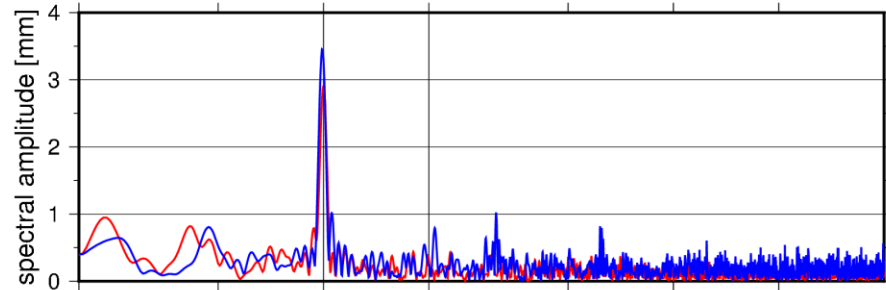
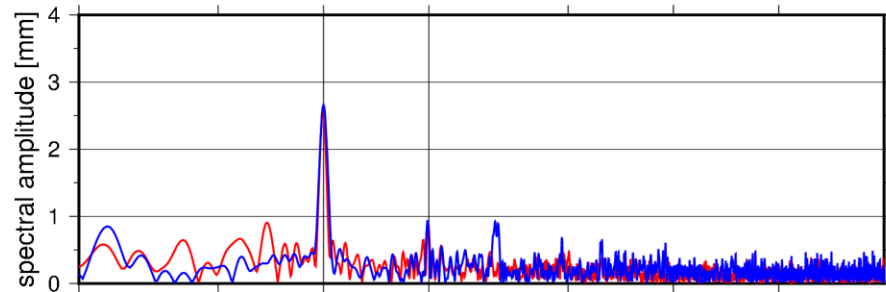
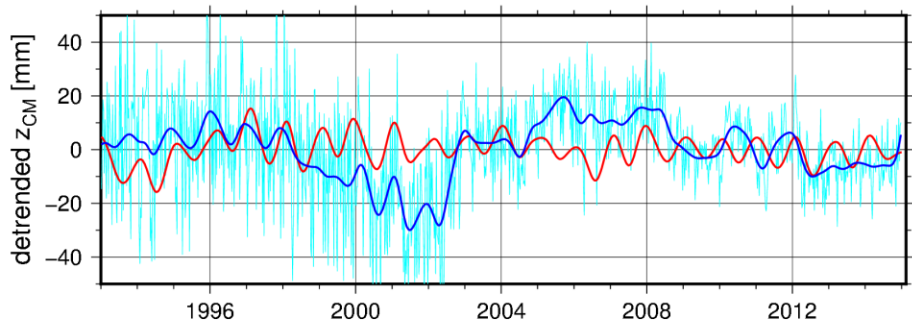
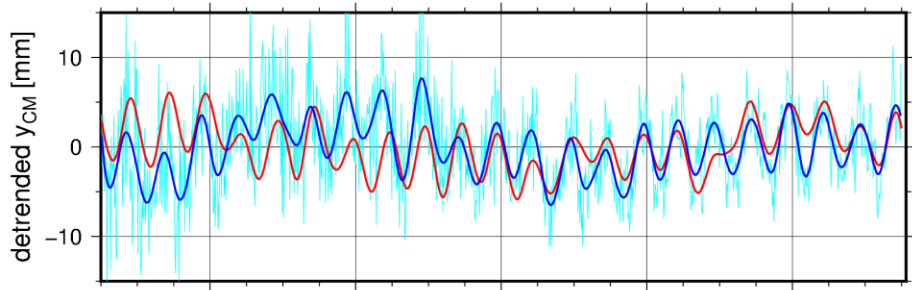
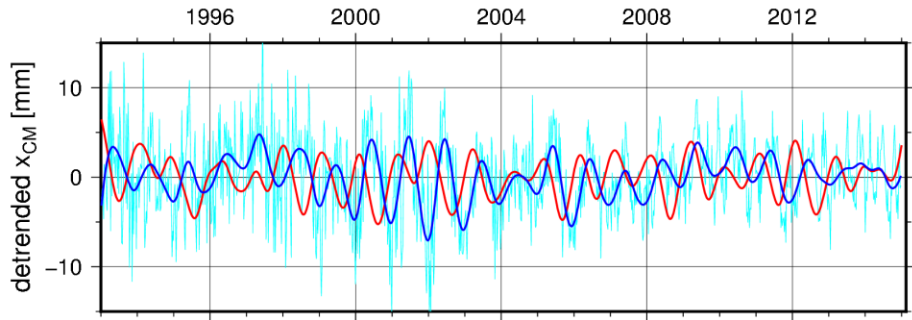
ILRS-SLR



IDS-DORIS



Geocenter motion



Blue & Cyan: DORIS/IDS

Red: SLR/ILRS

Intrinsic precision: WRMS

Table 2. WRMS Averages of Postfit Residuals, in mm, as Result of Three Stacking Tests: Standard Stacking (STD), Stacking With NTAL Applied, and Stacking Where the Annual and Semiannual Frequencies (FREQ2) Are Estimated With No NTAL Model Corrections Applied

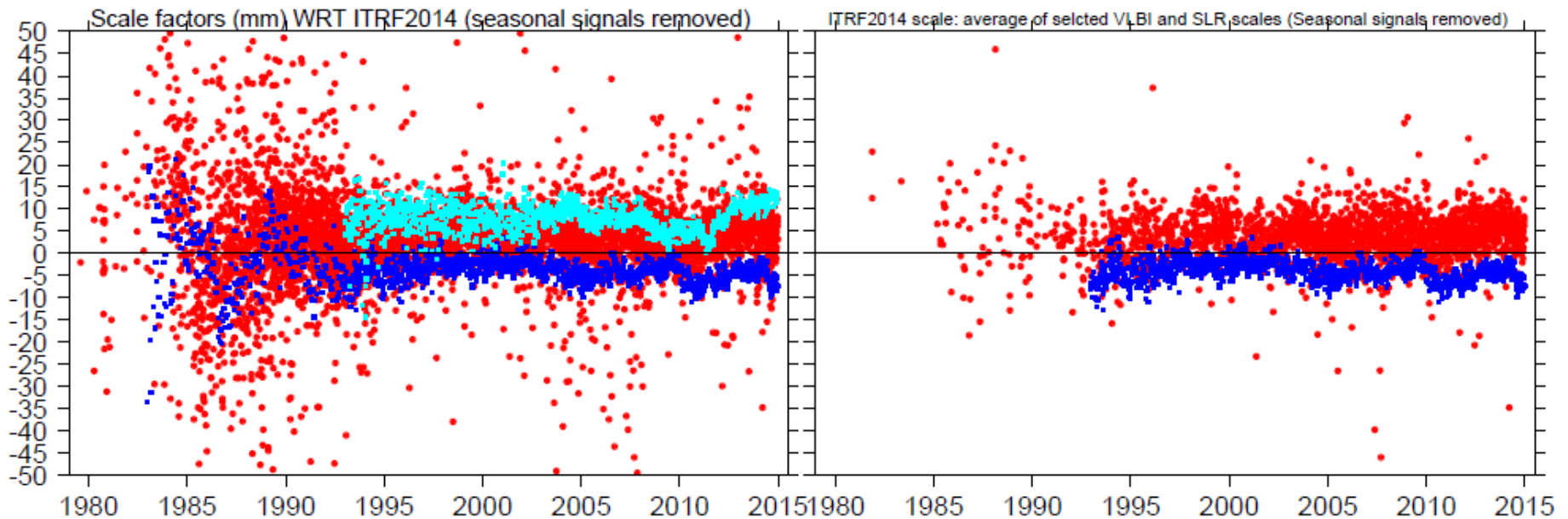
Solution	East	North	Up	
<i>IVS/VLBI, Session-Wise Sampling</i>				
STD	3.79	3.97	11.00	VLBI
NTAL	3.75	3.93	10.81	
FREQ2	3.74	3.91	10.81	
<i>ILRS/SLR, Weekly Sampling</i>				
STD	8.91	10.91	8.18	SLR
NTAL	8.90	10.76	8.14	
FREQ2	8.83	10.54	8.03	
<i>IDS/DORIS, Weekly Sampling</i>				
STD	13.34	10.21	11.84	DORIS
NTAL	13.32	10.18	11.89	
FREQ2	13.17	9.90	11.49	
<i>IGS/GNSS, Daily Sampling</i>				
STD	1.90	1.89	5.61	GNSS
NTAL	1.85	1.84	5.07	
FREQ2	1.74	1.71	5.04	

Altamimi et al., 2016

DORIS, SLR & VLBI scales wrt ITRF2014

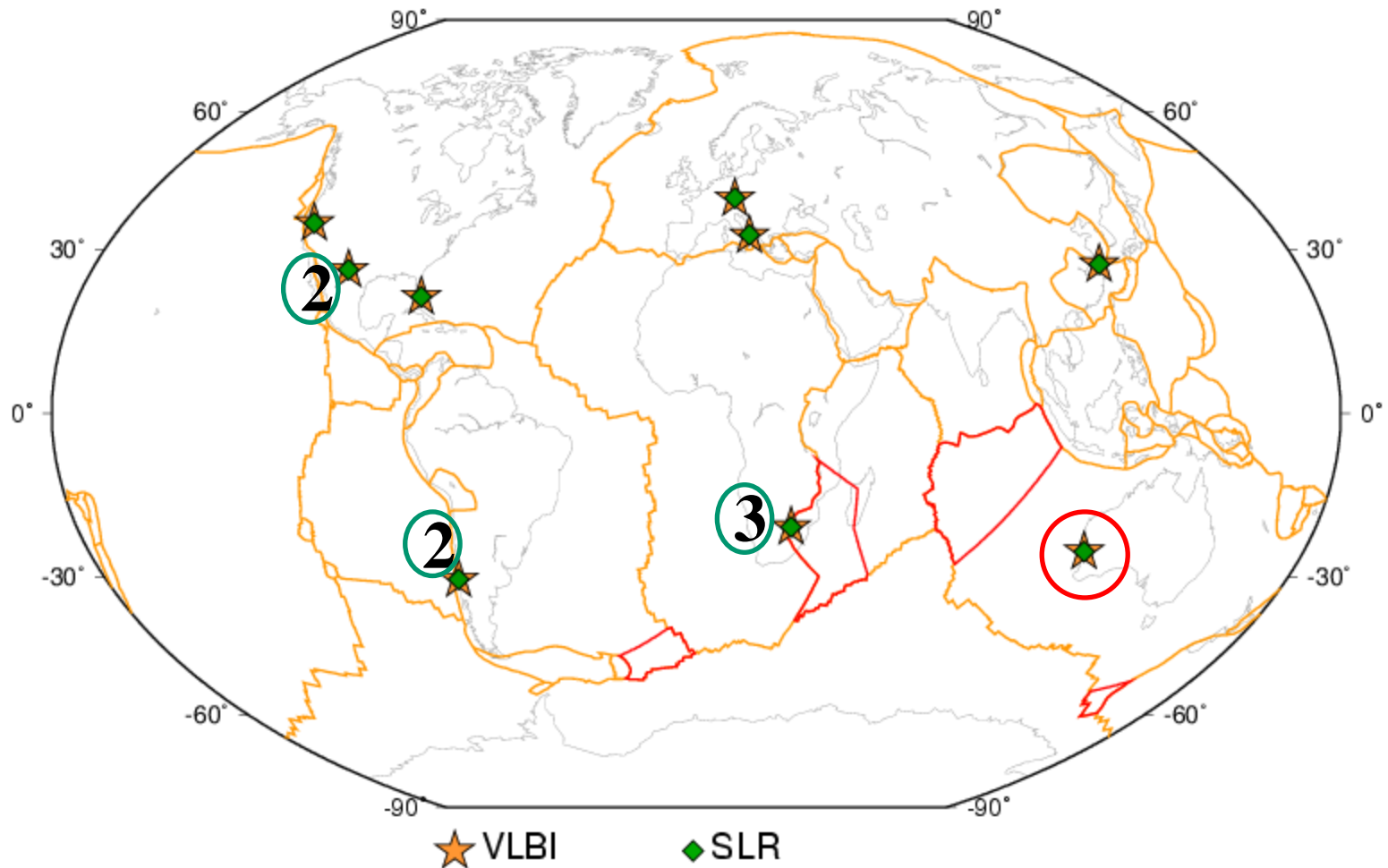
Full time series of scale factors

Scale factors of SLR and VLBI solutions selected to define ITRF2014 scale



DORIS SLR VLBI

ITRF2014 Co-locations (VLBI & SLR co-locations, NO GNSS)



Ⓝ : number of tie vectors if > 1

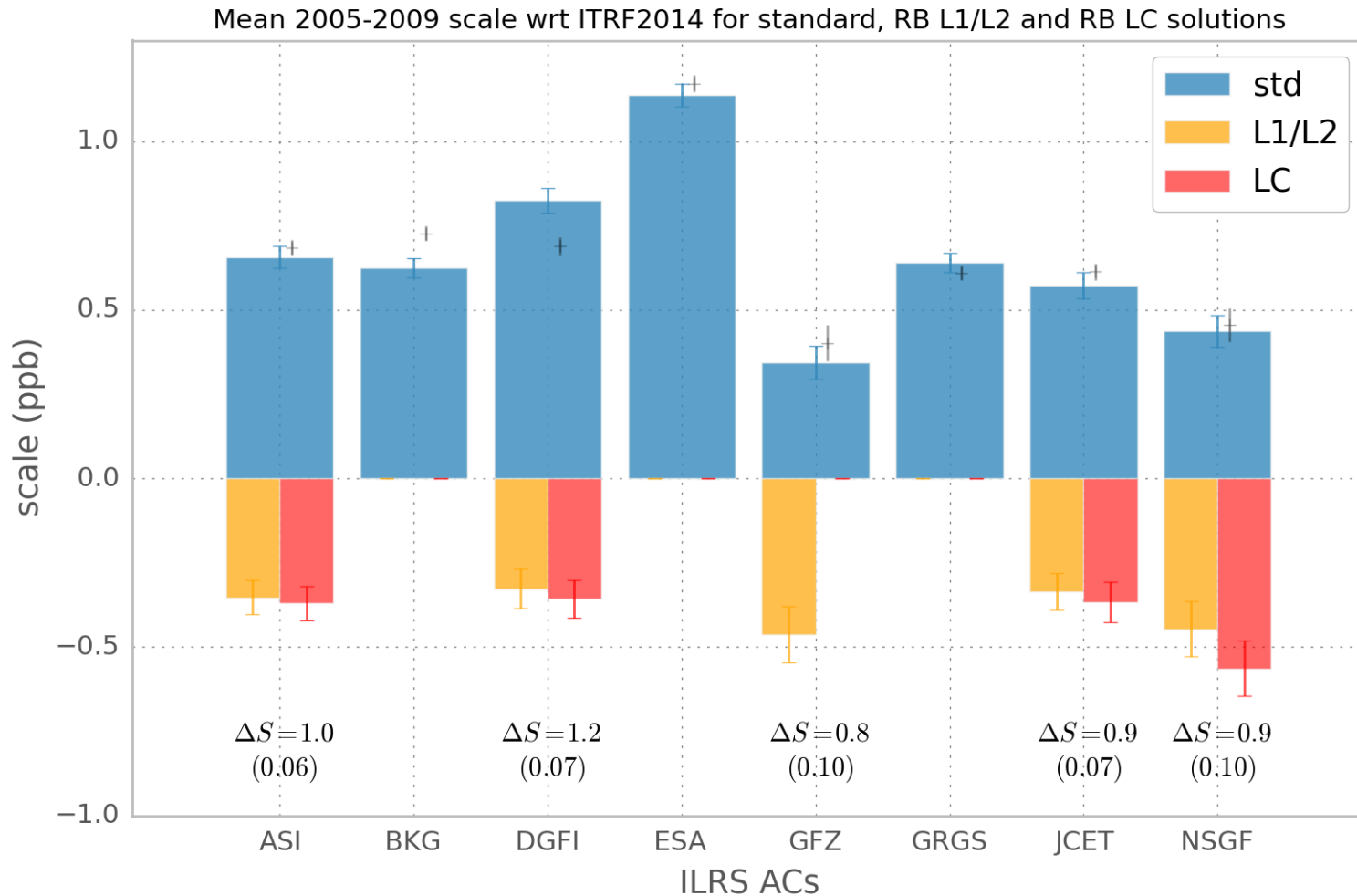
VLBI vs SLR Scale Difference

Solution	Scale at 2010.0 ppb	Comments
ITRF2014	1.37 ± 0.10	All Tie SNX files properly weighted
Rate	0.02 ± 0.02	

VLBI vs SLR Scale Difference

Solution	Scale at 2010.0 ppb	Comments
ITRF2014	1.37 ± 0.10	All Tie SNX files properly weighted
Rate	0.02 ± 0.02	
VLBI & SLR co- locations, No GPS	1.14 ± 0.29	9 sites (good distribution): 13 LT vectors, properly weighted
Rate	0.02 ± 0.02	

Impact of SLR Range Bias on the Scale



Courtesy Jose Rodriguez

VLBI vs SLR & DORIS Scale Differences

Solution	Scale at 2010.0 ppb	Comments
From VLBI to SLR	-1.37 ± 0.10	
Rate	-0.02 ± 0.02	
From VLBI to DORIS	0.48 ± 0.11	
Rate	-0.03 ± 0.02	

Speculation for now

From VLBI to SLR (SLR RB estimated)	-0.47 ± 0.02	From SLR to DORIS : 0.95 ± 0.11
Rate	-0.02 ± 0.02	0.01 ± 0.02

Tie Discrepancies

- “Tie Discrepancies” means differences between terrestrial ties and space geodesy estimates
- Percentage of tie discrepancies **< 5 mm**

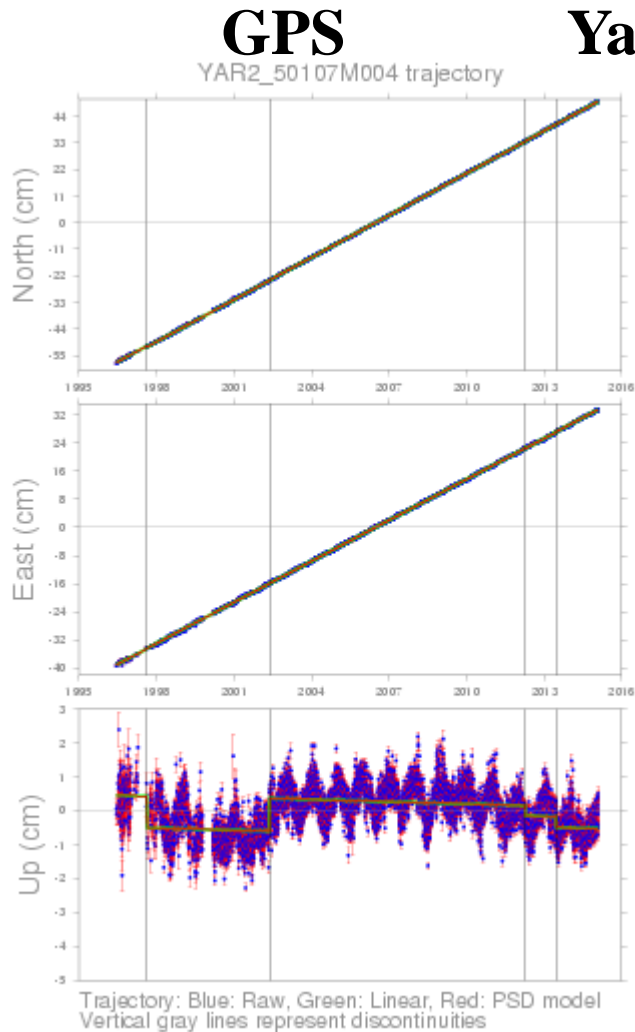
wrt GNSS :

- VLBI: 42 %
- SLR: 29 %
- DORIS: 23 %

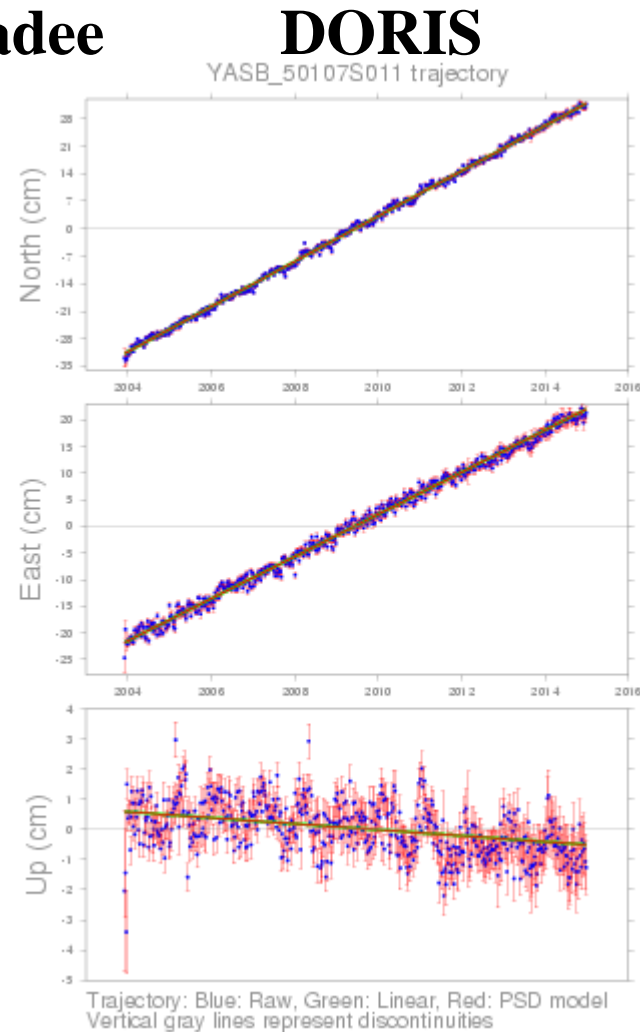
DORIS – DORIS 34 %

GNSS – DORIS velocity agreements

Agreement between GNSS/IGS and DORIS/IDS velocities:
roughly 1 mm/yr



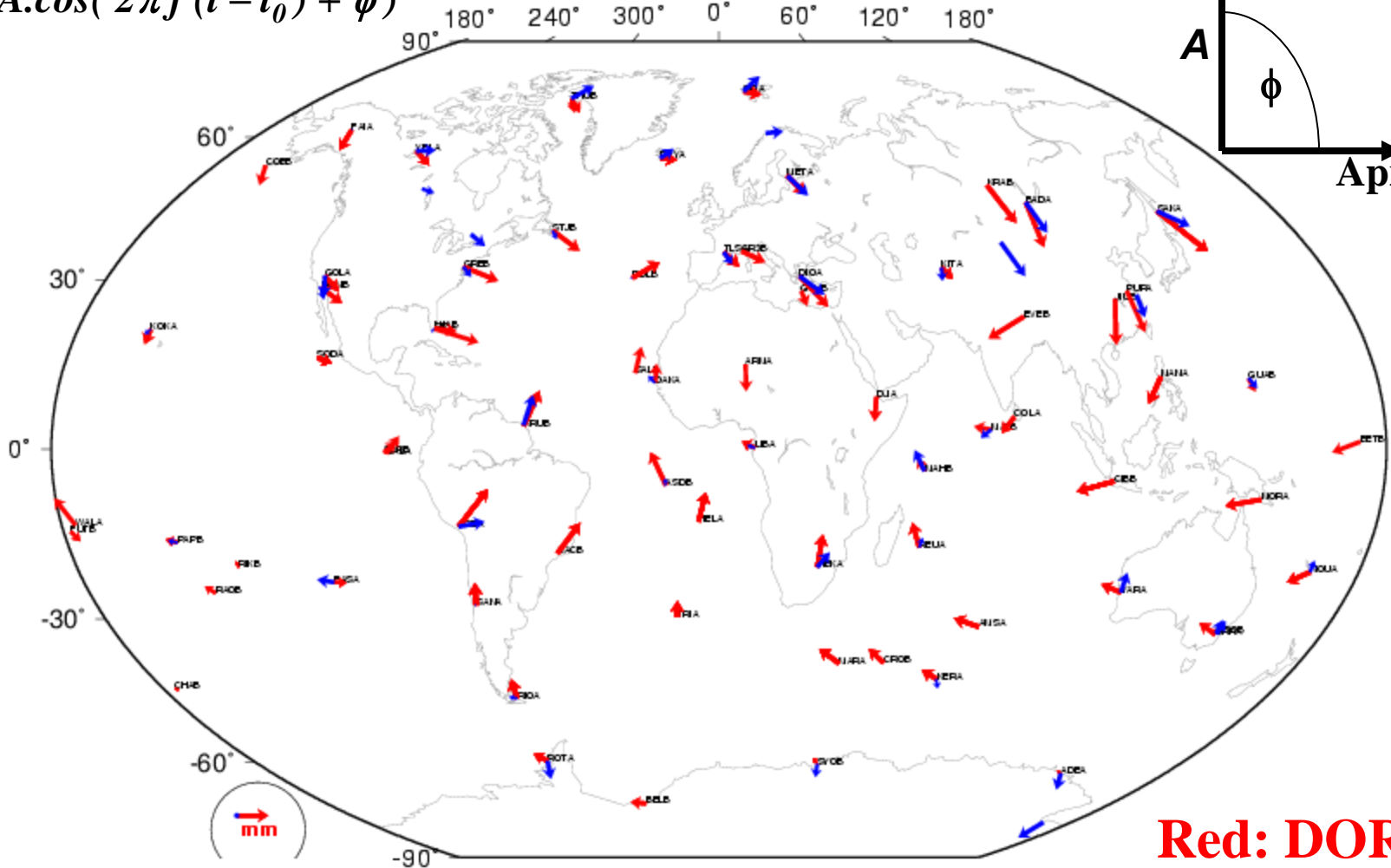
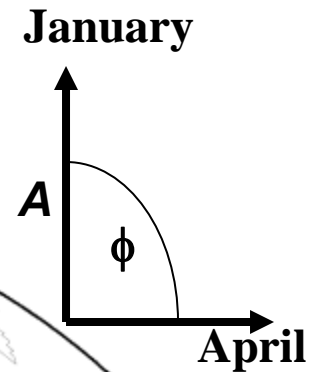
Yarragadee



IDS Workshop, 31 Oct., 2016, La Rochelle, France

Up Annual Signals

$$Dh = A \cdot \cos(2\pi f(t - t_0) + \phi)$$

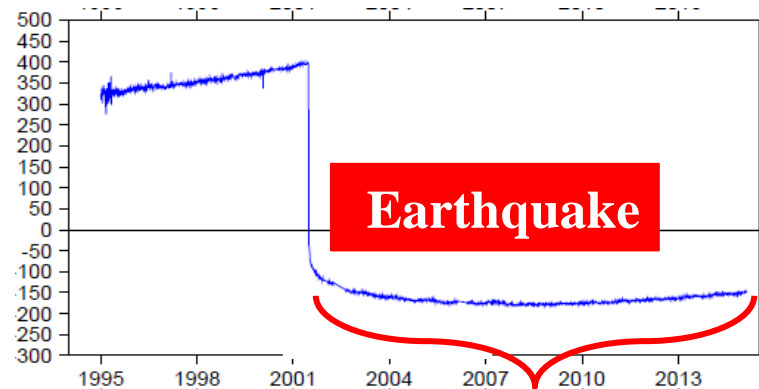


Red: DORIS
Blue: GNSS

Post-Seismic Deformations

- Fitting parametric models using GNSS/GPS data
 - at major GNSS/GPS Earthquake sites
 - apply these models to the 3 other techniques at co-location EQ sites

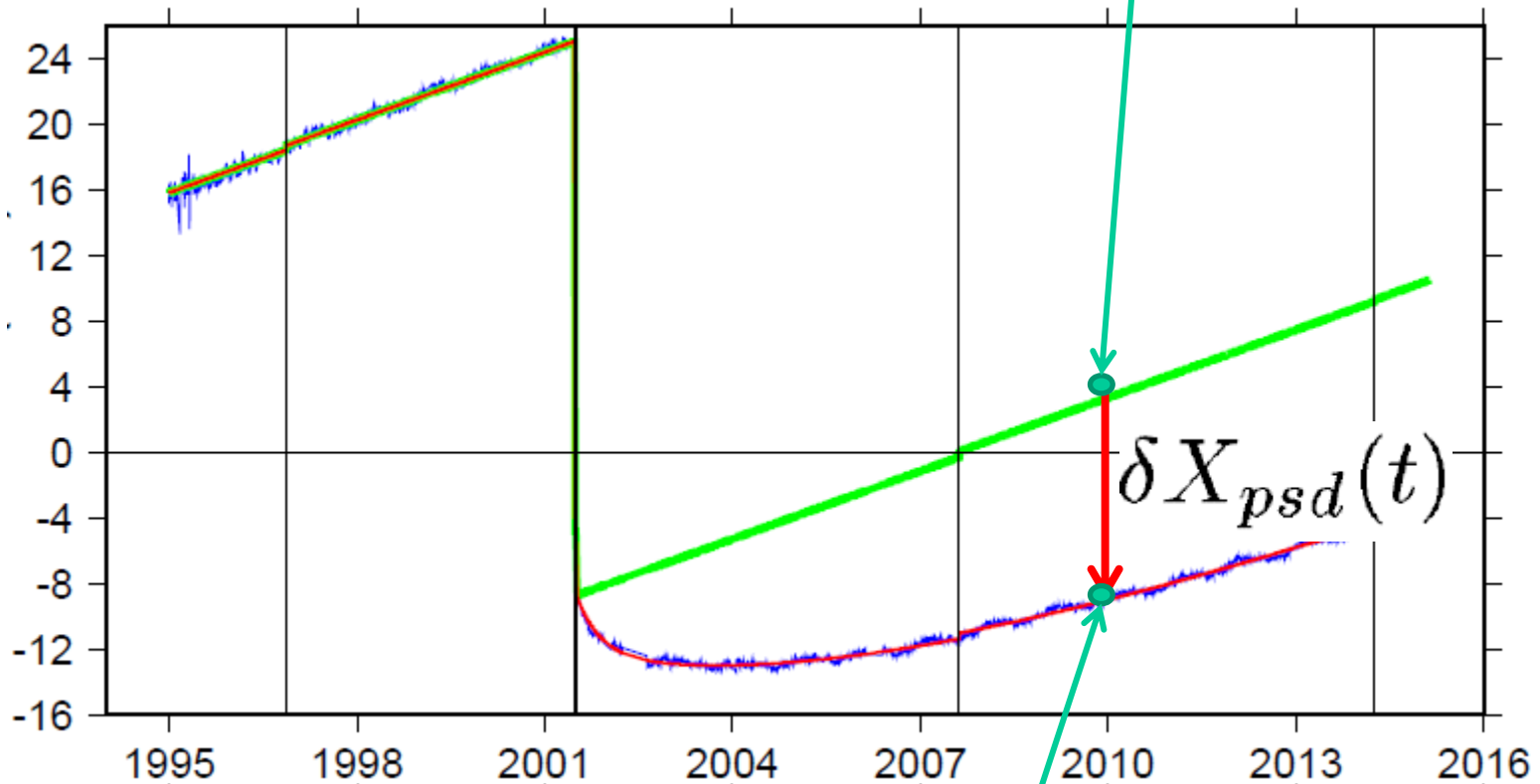
- Parametric models:
 - Logarithmic
 - Exponential
 - Log + Exp
 - Two Exp



Post-seismic deformation

PSD Correction

Regularized Position (ITRF2014)



Observed Position

How to use ITRF2014 PSD models ?

Regularized Position (ITRF2014)

$$X_{PSD}(t) = X(t_0) + \dot{X}(t - t_0) + \delta X_{PSD}(t)$$

$$\delta L(t) = \sum_{i=1}^{n^l} A_i^l \log\left(1 + \frac{t - t_i^l}{\tau_i^l}\right) + \sum_{i=1}^{n^e} A_i^e \left(1 - e^{-\frac{t - t_i^e}{\tau_i^e}}\right)$$

Local Frame

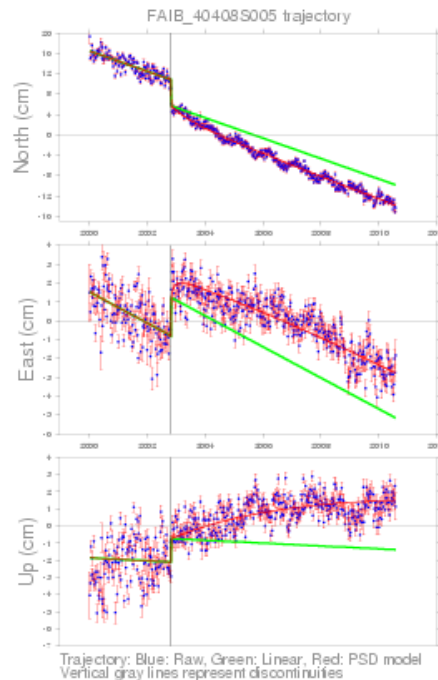
PSD Subroutines available at ITRF2014 Web site:
http://itrf.ign.fr/ITRF_solutions/2014/

Post-Seismic Deformations

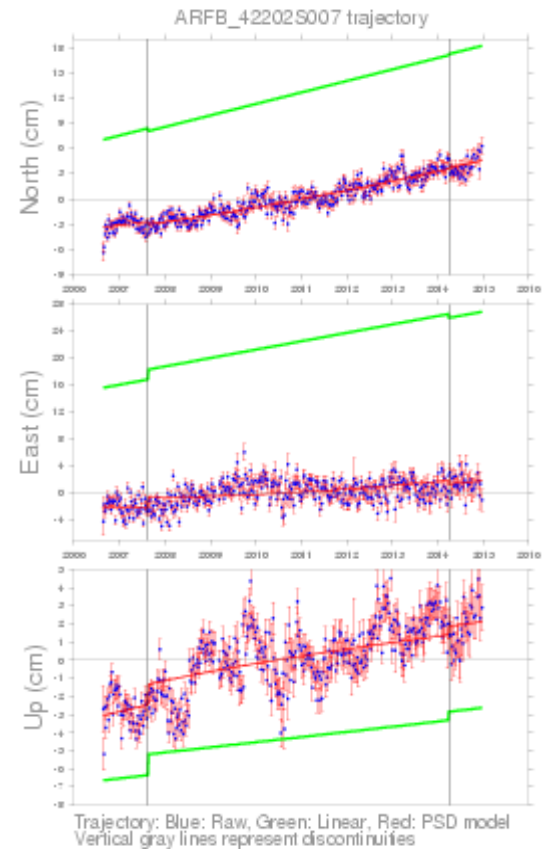
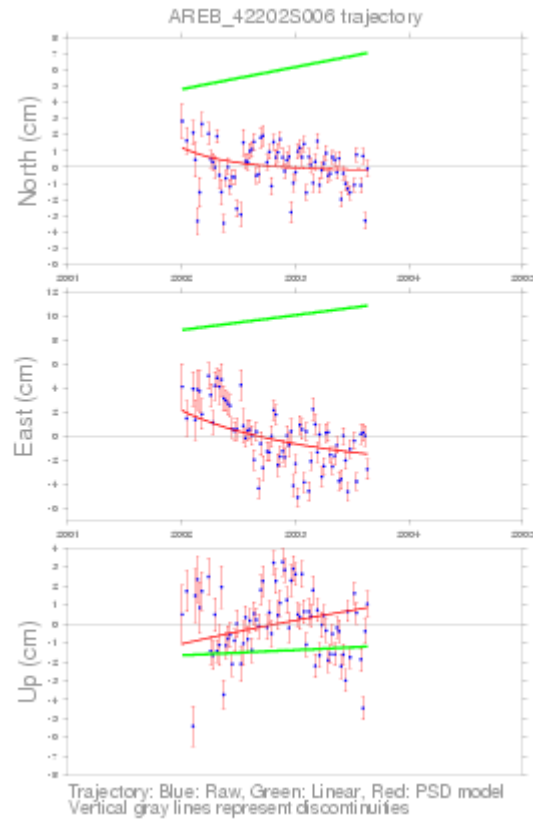
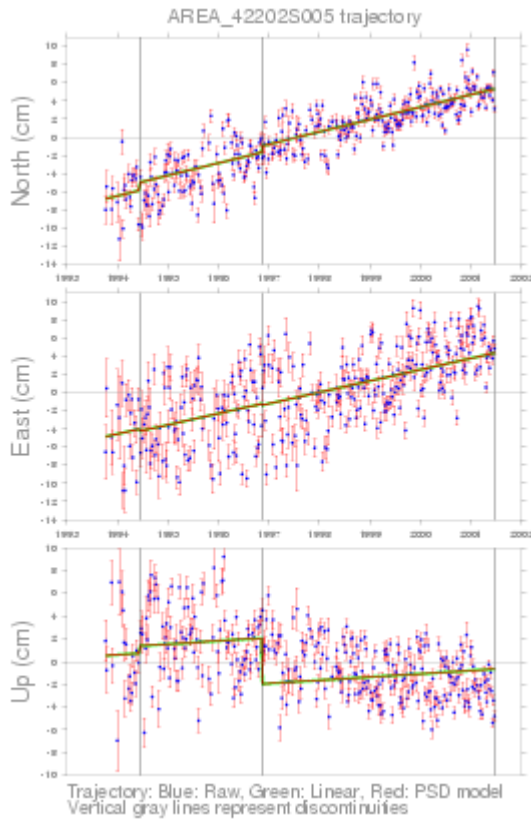
For DORIS, 7 sites in ITRF2014 have PSD:

- Arequipa
- Terre Adélie
- Fairbanks
- Goldstone
- Reykjavik
- Santiago
- Sakhalinsk

Fairbanks



Arequipa



Conclusion

DORIS contribution to the ITRF2014

- **Origin & geocenter motion**
 - X and Y-translations are “comparable” to SLR, **but not Z**
 - X-geocenter is out of phase by 112 deg compared to SLR
- **Scale: Still work to do for the 3 techniques**
- **Tie discrepancies:**
 - Significant for DORIS-GNSS : 77% larger than 5 mm.
 - **Caution when using DORIS-DORIS ties**
 - **An antenna change might create discontinuity**
 - **(Should be used with appropriate weighting):**
 - Tie discrepancies are larger than 5 mm for 66% of 59 pairs used in ITRF2014!